Abstract: Andrey Lyzlov, a career soldier and member of the Russian elite, was one of the first Russian historians. He was the author of The Scythian History, completed in 1692, a fairly vast controversial work which circulated in manuscript form, at first confined to the Muscovite elite with the purpose of urging its members to campaign against the Khanate of Crimea and the Ottoman Empire in the aftermath of the failed campaigns he himself had taken part in. The information he collected is gathered from various Russian and foreign sources and historical works, such as chronicles, chronographs, versions of the history of Kazan, Polish-Lithuanian chronicles and others. The Scythian History includes, among others, several fragments regarding the history of the medieval Romanian space. It is not necessarily unknown information, but it is relevant and important that Lyzlov chose and used it to exemplify the anti-Islamic struggle waged by Orthodox principles in Eastern Europe. In this article we have highlighted and analyzed these fragments, bringing to the attention of our historiography the existence of this information in a late Russian chronicle which had an obvious purpose of propaganda.

Keywords: Ottoman Empire; Russian Empire; Tatars; propaganda; Moldavia

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